Safely Shoot Yourself in the Foot with Java 9

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Project Jigsaw: Primary Goals (Reinhold)

- Make the Java SE Platform, and the JDK, more easily scalable down to small computing devices;
- Improve the security and maintainability of Java SE Platform Implementations in general, and the JDK in particular;
- Enable improved application performance; and
- Make it easier for developers to construct and maintain libraries and large applications, for both the Java SE and EE Platforms.

So What Can We Do in Java?

- Java was supposed to be 100% secure
- In early versions we often had to code JNI
- sun.misc.Unsafe introduced to allow JDK implementers to
 - Create objects without calling their constructors
 - Allocate large blocks of native memory and free it again
 - Read and write memory locations directly using CAS (peek & poke)
 - Fences
 - Throw exceptions unchecked
 - Release native buffer resources (Java 9)

Evolution of "Unsafe" Usage

ConcurrentLinkedQueue.Node in Java 5 and 6

```
private static class Node<E> {
  private volatile E item;
  private volatile Node<E> next;
  private static final AtomicReferenceFieldUpdater<Node, Object> itemUpdater =
    AtomicReferenceFieldUpdater.newUpdater(Node.class, Object.class, "item");
  E getItem() { return item; }
  boolean casItem(E cmp, E val) {
    return itemUpdater.compareAndSet(this, cmp, val);
  void setItem(E val) {
    itemUpdater.set(this, val);
```

Rights

Evolution of "Unsafe" Usage

ConcurrentLinkedQueue.Node in Java 7 and 8

```
private static class Node<E> {
 volatile E item;
 volatile Node<E> next;
  boolean casItem(E cmp, E val) {
    return UNSAFE.compareAndSwapObject(this, itemOffset, cmp, val);
                                                                  Huh?
 void lazySetNext(Node<E> val) {
    UNSAFE.putOrderedObject(this, nextOffset, val);
  boolean casNext(Node<E> cmp, Node<E> val) {
    return UNSAFE.compareAndSwapObject(this, nextOffset, cmp, val);
  // but there's more ...
```

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Pointer Arithmetic Into Memory Location

```
private static final sun.misc.Unsafe UNSAFE;
private static final long itemOffset;
private static final long nextOffset;
static {
  try {
    UNSAFE = sun.misc.Unsafe.getUnsafe();
    Class k = Node.class;
    itemOffset = UNSAFE.objectFieldOffset(k.getDeclaredField("item"));
    nextOffset = UNSAFE.objectFieldOffset(k.getDeclaredField("next"));
  } catch (Exception e) {
   throw new Error(e);
```

java.util.concurrent.* Cleaned Up

ConcurrentLinkedQueue.Node in Java 9

```
static final class Node<E> {
  volatile E item;
  volatile Node<E> next;
  boolean casItem(E cmp, E val) {
    return ITEM.compareAndSet(this, cmp, val);
static final VarHandle ITEM;
static {
  try -
   MethodHandles.Lookup l = MethodHandles.lookup();
    ITEM = l.findVarHandle(Node.class, "item", Object.class);
  } catch (ReflectiveOperationException e) {
    throw new Error(e);
```

Unsafe in Java 7

	Java 7
java.io.*	1
java.lang.**	7
java.math.*	The state of the
java.net.*	3
java.nio.*	28
java.util.*	1
java.util.concurrent.**	29
java.util.zip.*	0
Total	70

Unsafe in Java 7, 8

	Java 7	Java 8
java.io.*	1	2
java.lang.**	7	5
java.math.*	1	2
java.net.*	3	3
java.nio.*	28	28
java.util.*	1	1
java.util.concurrent.**		
java.util.zip.*		
Total 7		77

Unsafe in Java 7, 8, 9

	Java 7	Java 8	Java 9
java.io.*	1	2	3
java.lang.**	7	5	29
java.math.*	1	2	2
java.net.*	3	3	3
java.nio.*	28	28	67
java.util.*	1	1	2
java.util.concurrent.**	29	36	8
java.util.zip.*	0	0	1
Total	70	77	114

Java 9 VarHandles

- CAS operations on non-final fields
 - Varying levels of reads and writes
 - get/setPlain (non-volatile field semantics)
 - get/setOpaque
 - getAcquire/setRelease
 - get/setVolatile (volatile field semantics)
 - Fences (Full, Acquire/Release, LoadLoad, StoreStore)
- http://gee.cs.oswego.edu/dl/html/j9mm.html

Quick Striped64 Tutorial

- Supports LongAdder and LongAccumulator
 - Creates Cell[] to hold values
 - Expands on each CAS failure
 - Maximum Cell[].length bound by Runtime.availableProcessors()
 - Cell objects are marked with @Contended, so very large
 - Threads are allocated permanently to a particular Cell
 - How?

ThreadLocalRandom

- Introduced in Java 7 to improve on Math.random()
 - Thread-local pseudo random series
 - Very fast
 - Initially used ThreadLocal as implementation
 - Slow table lookup on every current() call
- Java 8 stores ThreadLocalRandom fields inside Thread
 - Also protected with @Contended against false sharing
 - We'll get back to @Contended later

Migration to Java 9

- Striped64 needs to get direct access to a field in Thread
 - We want to avoid Unsafe
 - VarHandles typically for fields in our class
 - includes inner classes

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- http://tinyurl.com/javaday17



Demo of Changing String with VarHandles

MethodHandles.privateLookupln() FTW

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Turning Off Those Annoying Warnings

• Who likes seeing these?

WARNING: An illegal reflective access operation has occurred

WARNING: Illegal reflective access using Lookup on ChangeString

to class java.lang.String

WARNING: Please consider reporting this to the maintainers of ChangeString

WARNING: Use --illegal-access=warn to enable warnings of further illegal

reflective access operations

WARNING: All illegal access operations will be denied in a future release

Warnings Be Gone!

java --add-opens java.base/java.lang=ALL-UNNAMED ...

MappedByteBuffer Unmapping

To map a file into memory, do this:

```
RandomAccessFile raf = new RandomAccessFile(filename, "rw");
FileChannel fc = raf.getChannel();
MappedByteBuffer buf = fc.map(
   FileChannel.MapMode.READ_WRITE, offset, length);
```

- To unmap the file, wait for buf to be eligible for GC
 - A PhantomReference called Cleaner will release the native memory
- Demo of how to unmap in Java 7/8 and now in 9

JVisualVIM Gone in Java 9

- We still have jcmd, jconsole, jstat, jmap, jstack
- VisualVM is available separately on Github
 - https://visualvm.github.io/download.html
- Oh, also -Xrunhprof gone
 - Although -Xprof remains for now
 - But we will have Java Flight Recorder / Java Mission Control soon
 - Plan for this to be open sourced as soon as possible

Making Our Own Fields @Contended

```
import jdk.internal.vm.annotation.Contended;
public class HighlyContended {
  private int before;
  @Contended
  private volatile int value;
  private int after;
  public int getValue() {
    return value;
  public void setValue(int value) {
    this.value = value;
```

Compiling Causes Errors

--add-exports To The Rescue

We compile like so

javac --add-exports java.base/jdk.internal.vm.annotation=ALL-UNNAMED \
HighlyContended.java

And run with

java -XX:-RestrictContended HighlyContendedTest

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--add-opens vs --add-exports

- --add-opens allows "deep reflection" on elements
- --add-exports allows access to public classes, methods and fields
 - --add-opens implies --add-exports
 - Both will be removed in a future version of Java (maybe)

Java 9 Stream Changes

Stream.takeWhile(Predicate)

- Stream.dropWhile(Predicate)
- Stream.iterate(seed, Predicate, UnaryOperator)

```
IntStream.iterate(0, i -> i <= 30, i -> i + 2)
    forEach(System.out::println);
```

Don't use with parallel streams!

jshell For Scripting

- A REPL to make Java more accessible to novices
- Quick Demo
- Tips:
 - Let EDITOR environment variable point to your favourite editor
 - Startup is slow, as all the referenced classes are compiled for scripting. Once it's warmed up, execution is Java speed

Hacking jshell For Unix Style Scripting

- Start by defining a file exit.jsh that contains one line "/exit"
- First line in your file is this

//\$JAVA_HOME/bin/jshell --execution local --startup DEFAULT PRINTING \$0 \$@ exit.jsh; exit

- Notes
 - Any parameters you pass in are interpreted as script names
 - jshell always returns 0, even with System.exit(1)
 - --execution local makes System.exit(val) return val
- Thanks to Christian Stein for discussions around this

GC Changes

- Java 8 deprecated incremental CMS
 - Removed in Java 9
- Java 9 deprecated CMS
- Default GC is now G1GC instead of Parallel Throughput
 - G1GC is child's play to configure
 - Set maximum pause time
 - Set maximum heap
 - You're done!

Hacking BigInteger

- Let's say we want to make square() public
 - Java 8, we could patch our version in using -Xbootclasspath
 - Java 9, we need to create a patch for java.base

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Hacking BigInteger

Step 1: Compile the hacked BigInteger version

```
javac --patch-module java.base=BigMathHack/src \
  -d BigMathHack/mypatches/java.base BigMathHack/src/java/math/BigInteger.java
```

- (Optional) Dependency in IntelliJ to shut off compiler warnings
- Step 2: Compile our code against the patched BigInteger

```
javac --patch-module java.base=BigMathHack/mypatches/java.base \
  -d out/production/FootShootJava9 --source-path src src/BigIntegerTest.java
```

Step 3: Run our code against the patched BigInteger

```
java --patch-module java.base=BigMathHack/mypatches/java.base \
-cp out/production/FootShootJava9 BigIntegerTest
```



Questions?

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